

## ABOUT GI

Geographical Indications (GIs) are associated with the legacy of a product connected with a specific location having unique blend of nature, culture, tradition, and artisan. In India, there are several registered GIs and there are numerous GIs which are not yet registered officially, but are potential registerable GIs.

GI based on classes of Natural Goods, Food Stuff  
Manufactured Goods, Handicrafts or  
Agricultural Goods

GI based on uniqueness,  
weather, and terrain of the  
place of origin

Authorized User Registration For  
GI Community Members

Legal protection from  
unfair usage

A Community Right

GI Logo  
indicating Geographical  
Origin or location

Economic Empowerment to  
Artisans, Producers, and  
Manufacturers

Social Upliftment and  
continuing the  
Legacy of the Nation

650+ Registered GIs and  
Numerous Unregistered GIs  
Existing in India

Prevents counterfeiting and  
ensures genuineness of  
products through "GI Tags"

Preservation of local Culture,  
Tradition and Legacy

A GI reflects a shared heritage that has evolved over generations, deeply influenced by local knowledge, distinctive environments, and cultural traditions. It highlights that certain products are far more than just items of trade; they represent the history, narratives, and dedication of the artisans, farmers, and communities who have kept these practices alive. By recognizing this inherent value, the GI system establishes a structure to safeguard and encourage these traditions, ensuring they thrive and adapt in today's competitive landscape.



© RIPA, Dec 2024

[www.ripaonline.com](http://www.ripaonline.com)



## KAJI NEMU

Assam lemon is the principal lemon cultivar of the North Eastern region. Assam lemon fruit is widely used for culinary, beverage, industrial, and medicinal uses. It is an indigenous lemon variety of Assam. Assam Lemon produces fruit year-round, with two peak seasons. Its unique flavour and aroma distinguish it from other lemon varieties. Fruits remain on trees for extended periods.

### Uniqueness

The Assam lemon is comparatively larger than the regular lemon. The sour citrus fruit is widely used in culinary, beverages, industries, and medicines. They have a tendency toward cluster-bearing habits, commonly producing seedless fruits with 9–12 segments. Flower colour varies from purple to slightly reddish.

### Raw Materials

Assam Lemon Seeds or Saplings, Fertile Soil, Organic Manure, Water, Mulch, Natural Pesticides, Irrigation Systems, and other Farming Tools

### Price

Approx. ₹ 50 to ₹ 300 depending upon the quality

Class of Goods  
31

### Proof of Origin

Approx. 500 BC



Geographical Location  
Assam

Type of Goods  
Agricultural

### Number of Families Involved

No data available

### Method of Production

Assam lemon can be propagated by stem cutting, leaf-bud cutting, and air layering and planted during May-August in pit sizes of 0.5 m x 0.5 m x 0.5 m made 3 m apart and refilled with soil and FYM at a 1:1 ratio.