ABOUT GI

Geographical Indications (GIs) are associated with the legacy of a product connected with a specific location having unique blend of nature, culture, tradition, and artisan. In India, there are several registered GIs and there are numerous GIs which are not yet registered officially, but are potential registerable Gls.

> GI based on classes to Natural Goods, Food Stuff Manufactured Goods. Handicrafts or Agricultural Goods

GI based on uniqueness, weather, and terrain of the place of origin

Registered by the Authorized community of the GI

Economic empowerment to Artisans, Producers, and **Manufacturers**

> 512+ registered Gls and numerous unregistered Gls existence in India

Legal Protection from unfair usage

> Gl Sign or symbol indicating Geographical Origin or location

Social Uplifting and continuing the Legacy of the Nation

Prevents counterfeiting and ensures genuineness of products

Preservation of local Culture, Tradition, and Legacy











KUTCH EMBROIDERY



Kutch embroidery is renowned for its unique craftsmanship. It involves weaving a net pattern on fabric with threads, followed by filling it using complex interlocking stitches. It typically features geometric motifs, this embroidery is distinguished by vibrant colors such as red, black, green, yellow, white, and orange. It often incorporates mirrors, beads, sequins, tie-dye, and appliqué, adding texture and enhancing its traditional tribal appeal with a contemporary touch.

Uniqueness

Kutch embroidery is uniquely characterized by its intricate net weaving technique using threads on fabric, which is then filled with meticulous interlocking stitches. The embroidery's distinctiveness lies in its vibrant geometric patterns and the incorporation of traditional tribal motifs. It stands out for its use of vibrant colours and embellishments like mirrors, beads, and sequins, which add texture and depth, making each piece a testament to skilled craftsmanship and cultural heritage.

Raw Materials

Cobbler's awl, tracing paper, Fugitive colours for tracing, Wooden frames to hold the fabric in place while embroidering, Abhalo/ mirrors, butons, sequins & fabrics such as cotton, mashru, silk, woolen, etc



Type of Goods Handicraft

Geographical Location

Nine talukas of kachchh district

Proof of Origin Since early 17th Century

Price

₹.500/- > ₹.2000/-

or more, depending

Class of Goods

26 & 24

No. of Families Involved Approximately 10,000 families or more

Method of Production

Kutch embroidery begins with weaving a net pattern on fabric using threads, followed by filling it with intricate interlocking stitches in geometric designs. Artisans incorporate traditional tribal motifs & a vibrant colour palette of red, black, green, yellow, white, and orange. The embroidery is further enhanced with mirrors, beads, sequins, tie-dye, and appliqué, blending traditional craftsmanship with contemporary appeal for vibrant and textured fabric designs.









